

QUESTIONS FOR THE FINAL MODULE CONTROL ON DEONTOLOGY IN MEDICINE

1. Definition of ethics.
2. Definition of morality.
3. Definition of medical ethics.
4. Definition of medical deontology.
5. Ethical laws and positions in medicine.
6. Official documents, which are regulate doctor's work.
7. Moral and lawful aspects of clinical experiments and researches.
8. The main ethical theories.
9. Definition of Consequentialism.
10. Definition of Virtue ethics.
11. Definition of Ethics of care.
12. Definition of Kantianism.
13. Definition of Moral absolutism.
14. The direction of Consequentialism.
15. Definition of Utilitarianism.
16. The oldest historical origins about ethics.
17. The Code of Hammurabi.
18. The Oath of Asaph.
19. Responsibilities of doctor from standpoints of ancient Indian «Book of Life» («Ayur-Veda»).
20. The concept of medical deontology in the «Canon of Medicine» by Avicenna.
21. Contribution of G.A Zakharyin in development of theory of medical deontology.
22. Contribution of M.J Mudrov, in development of theory of medical deontology.
23. Contribution of S.P. Botkin, in development of theory of medical deontology.
24. Contribution of I.P. Pavlov, M.D. in development of theory of medical deontology.
25. Contribution of N.N. Petrov in development of theory of medical deontology.
26. The Declaration of Helsinki.
27. Basic models of the relationships between doctor and patient.
28. Paternalistic model of the relationships between doctor and patient.
29. Autonomous model of the relationships between doctor and patient.
30. Model of «week paternalism» in medicine.
31. The problem of «distancing» and subordination of doctor and patient in medical practice.
32. The principle of «informed agreement» of doctor and patient.
33. The principle of «cooperation» of doctor and patient.
34. The notion of iatrogenic, its main causes and consequences.
35. The problem of «blind» clinical researches in modern medicine.
36. Definition of medical secret.
37. Patients' rights to privacy about his health and possible limitations of this right.
38. Guarantees of adhering to medical secret in the International Code of Medical Ethics.
39. Legal documents, which are regulate the adhering to medical confidentiality in Ukraine.
40. The essence of notion «medical error».
41. Types of medical errors.
42. Stages of medical errors.
43. Varieties and the main causes of medical errors.
44. Consequences of medical errors.
45. Types of diagnostic errors.
46. Characteristic errors, in the process of diagnosis and treatment.

47. Methods to improve safety and reduce error.
48. Types of 28 medical errors «never events».
49. Surgical Events from 28 medical errors «never events».
50. Environmental Events from 28 medical errors «never events».
51. Criminal Events from 28 medical errors «never events».
52. A notion of violation of the law by doctor, official's crime and responsibility for them.
53. The fundamental principles of bioethics.
54. Definition of bioethics.
55. Person's right to life and right to die.
56. The problem of the value of human life.
57. Moral aspects of experiments on humans.
58. Moral aspects of experiments on embryos.
59. Moral problems of artificial insemination.
60. Moral problems of abortion.
61. Moral problems of «surrogate motherhood».
62. Moral and lawful aspects of reanimation.
63. Moral problems of transplantation.
64. Xeno-transplantation – pro and cons.
65. Moral problems of suicide.
66. Moral problems of euthanasia.
67. Types of euthanasia.
68. Status of dead body in medicine, doctor's attitude to deceased person.
69. Ethical aspects of the conducting with deleted parts of the human body.
70. Deontological aspects of relationships in medical groups: problems of corporatism, democracy, subordination.
71. Deontological problems of scientific research.
72. Issues of deontology and medical ethics in oncology.
73. Issues of deontology and medical ethics in psychiatry.
74. Medical deontology of era of HIV.
75. Communication with family of the patient.